





# ABRIDGED MANUAL

### GRIHA INFRASTRUCTURE RATING FOR HIGHWAYS

A GRIHA COUNCIL PUBLICATION

### GRIHA INFRASTRUCTURE RATING FOR HIGHWAYS VERSION 1



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#### **DEVELOPED BY:**

#### **GRIHA Council**

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#### MESSAGE FROM THE VICE PRESIDENT

I am excited to announce the launch of GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways, a significant step forward in promoting sustainable road development in India. Our country boasts the second-largest road network in the world, covering approximately 6.7 million kilometres of road network, making it imperative that we prioritize sustainability in our road infrastructure. The introduction to this rating system for highways addresses four key needs: enhancing sustainability by going beyond current standards, providing consistency in evaluating roadway projects, simplifying the complex science behind sustainability for better decision-making, and normalizing metrics to offer a holistic view of roadway performance. The anticipated benefits of green highways include reduction of virgin materials, lower energy consumption, mitigated environmental impacts with minimizing GHG emissions, and improved human health and safety.

This rating will transform traditional highways into green highways, beginning from the design phase and continuing through construction and maintenance. I commend our dedicated team at GRIHA Council for their hard work in bringing this initiative to fruition and look forward to making our contribution for enhancing our infrastructure sustainably.



"Let us work together to build a future where our highways not only connect people and places but also contribute to a healthier, more sustainable planet for generations to come"

SANJAY SETH Vice President & CEO GRIHA Council

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### **ABBREVIATIONS**

| ASI    | Accident Severity Index                            |
|--------|--|
| AQI    | Air Quality Index                                  |
| CCEA   | Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs              |
| СО     | Carbon Monoxide                                    |
| CO2    | Carbon dioxide                                     |
| CSR    | Corporate Social Responsibility                    |
| C&R    | Construction and Demolition                        |
| GRIHA  | Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment     |
| HVAC   | Heating, Ventilation, and Air-Conditioning         |
| IRC    | Indian Roads Congress                              |
| MoEFCC | Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change |
| MoRTH  | Ministry of Road Transport and Highways            |
| PM     | Particulate Matter                                 |
| RA     | Recycled Aggregate                                 |
| RCA    | Recycled Concrete Aggregates                       |
| RE     | Renewable Energy                                   |
| SUDS   | Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems                 |
| SOS    | Save our Soul                                      |
| T&P    | Tools, Plants, and Equipment                       |
| WCs    | Water Closet                                       |
| WHO    | World Health Organization                          |

### **OVERVIEW**

Highways form the backbone of a nation's infrastructure, playing a crucial role in economic growth, regional connectivity, and social development. However, the extensive construction and maintenance of highways have significant environmental implications, often resulting in habitat disruption, increased greenhouse gas emissions, and higher resource consumption. Additionally, these networks have a profound influence on surrounding communities and ecosystems, making it essential to consider sustainability principles in their planning, construction, and maintenance.

The need for a specialized highway rating system that evaluates construction projects on sustainability parameters has never been more pressing. Infrastructure development, including highways, is a significant contributor to carbon emissions and natural resource depletion. Traditional highway construction often prioritizes immediate economic and functional outcomes over environmental or social considerations, leading to deforestation, loss of biodiversity, soil erosion, air pollution, and other adverse impacts. Additionally, highways play a crucial role in connecting remote regions and supporting economic growth, making it imperative to construct them in a manner that balances environmental responsibility with developmental goals.

To address such challenges and promote responsible infrastructure development, GRIHA Council has introduced the GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways. This rating system aims to provide a structured framework that evaluates the sustainability aspects of highway projects, encouraging environmentally responsible practices, resource efficiency, and long-term resilience. GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways has been designed to address these critical needs by promoting sustainable practices throughout the project lifecycle—from planning and design to construction, operation, and maintenance.

### **OVERVIEW**

The introduction of GRIHA's highway rating system aligns with India's target of becoming a 'Net Zero' nation by 2070 and achieving the vision of becoming Viksit Bharat @2047.



This rating system provides a holistic approach to assess the environmental, social, and economic impacts of highway projects. GRIHA's framework focuses on parameters such as energy efficiency, water management, waste reduction, ecological preservation, and minimizing the carbon footprint associated with highway development.

By assessing these factors, GRIHA's highway rating encourages project developers, contractors, and stakeholders to adopt sustainable construction techniques, reduce resource consumption, and implement environmental safeguards. In doing so, the rating system helps mitigate the long-term ecological and social impacts of highway projects while enhancing their resilience against climate-related challenges.

The GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways is thus a significant step towards a more sustainable approach to infrastructure development. By setting measurable criteria for sustainability, it fosters a culture of environmental stewardship and social responsibility within the construction industry.

This rating system not only aids in mitigating the negative impacts of highway construction but also serves as a guide for integrating sustainable practices across other infrastructure sectors, contributing to the broader vision of a sustainable and resilient built environment.

## **RATING STRUCTURE**

#### Introduction

The GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways is designed to promote sustainable practices in the design, construction, and maintenance of highway projects. This certification process outlines the necessary steps to achieve high sustainability standards, ensuring that all highway projects comply with established sustainability criteria as defined by GRIHA, while positively contributing to the environment, economy, and local communities.

#### Applicability

The GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways is applicable to new, proposed, and expanded National and State highways. It encompasses 12 key criteria, each accompanied by specific assessments aimed at evaluating the environmental performance of highway projects effectively.

#### **Criteria for Evaluation**

The following twelve criteria are integral to the GRIHA Infrastructure Rating for Highways:

- **Governance:** Establishes the framework for decision-making and accountability in project management.
- **Sustainable Planning and Design:** Focuses on integrating sustainability principles into the planning and design phases.
- **Green Infrastructure:** Encourages the use of natural systems to enhance the environmental performance of highways.
- **Road Safety:** Ensures that safety measures are prioritized in highway design and operation.
- **Climate Action:** Addresses the impacts of climate change and promotes resilience in highway projects.

# **RATING STRUCTURE**

- **Carbon Assessment:** Evaluates the carbon footprint of the highway throughout its life cycle.
- **Road Construction Materials and Technology:** Emphasizes the use of sustainable materials and innovative technologies in construction.
- **Social Impact:** Considers the social implications of highway projects on local communities.
- **Construction Management:** Focuses on effective management practices during both construction and operational phases.
- Waste Management: Addresses waste reduction, recycling, and responsible disposal practices.
- Water Management: Ensures efficient use and management of water resources throughout the project.
- **Energy Management:** Promotes energy efficiency and the use of renewable energy sources in highway operations.

| Percentile  | Star Rating |
|-------------|-------------|
| 25 - 40     | *           |
| 41 - 55     | **          |
| 56 - 70     | ***         |
| 71 - 85     | ****        |
| 86 and more | ****        |

#### **Rating thresholds**

# **RATING STRUCTURE**

| Criterion Number | Criterion Name                             | Points |
|------------------|--|--------|
| 1                | Governance                                 | 1      |
| 2                | Sustainable Planning and Design            | 6      |
| 3                | Green Infrastructure                       | 12     |
| 4                | Road Safety                                | 10     |
| 5                | Climate Action                             | 20     |
| 6                | Carbon Assessment                          | 5      |
| 7                | Road Construction Materials and Technology | 12     |
| 8                | Social                                     | 5      |
| 9                | Construction Management                    | 10     |
| 10               | Waste Management                           | 5      |
| 11               | Water Management                           | 9      |
| 12               | Energy Management                          | 5      |
|                  | Total                                      | 100    |